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Zhao-Peng Deng, Shan Gao,* Li-Hua Huo and Jing-Gui Zhao

Laboratory of Functional Materials, School of Chemistry and Materials Science, Heilongjiang University, Harbin, 150080, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: shangao67@yahoo.com

Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study T = 295 KMean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003 \text{ Å}$ R factor = 0.034 wR factor = 0.088 Data-to-parameter ratio = 15.6

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see http://journals.iucr.org/e.

catena-Poly[[(1,10-phenanthroline- $\kappa^2 N, N'$)zinc(II)]- μ -3-carboxylatophenoxyacetato- $\kappa^2 O, O': \kappa^2 O'', O'''$]

In the title coordination polymer, $[Zn(C_9H_6O_5)(C_8H_{12}N_2)]_n$, the Zn^{II} atom is surrounded by two chelating 3-carboxylatophenoxyacetate (3-CPOA) dianions and one 1,10-phenanthroline (phen) ligand. Adjacent Zn^{II} atoms are bridged by 3-CPOA to form a zigzag chain structure. The polymeric chains are connected *via* π - π stacking interactions. Received 24 October 2005 Accepted 1 November 2005 Online 5 November 2005

Comment

3-Carboxyphenoxyacetic acid (3-CPOAH₂) can be regarded as an excellent bridging ligand with both rigid and flexible parts. We have recently reported the structures of three Zn^{II} complexes of 3-CPOA, with different aromatic ligands, namely benzimidazole, imidazole and 4,4'-bipyridine (Zhao *et al.*, 2005; Gao *et al.*, 2005; Zhang *et al.*, 2005). We report here the title Zn^{II} complex, (I), in which the aromatic ligand is phenanthroline.





Figure 1

© 2005 International Union of Crystallography Printed in Great Britain – all rights reserved ORTEPII plot (Johnson, 1976) of (I), with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level [symmetry code: (i) $-x + \frac{3}{2}$, $y - \frac{1}{2}$, $-z + \frac{3}{2}$].

As illustrated in Fig. 1, the six-coordinated Zn^{II} atom is surrounded by two chelating 3-CPOA and one 1.10-phenanthroline (phen) ligand. The Zn-N and Zn-O bond distances (Table 1) are somewhat longer than the corresponding distances found for tetrahedrally coordinated Zn^{II} atoms (Gao et al., 2005; Zhang et al., 2005). The oxyacetate group is twisted out of the benzene plane, with a C18-O3-C20-C21 torsion angle of $-76.4(3)^{\circ}$.

Adjacent Zn^{II} atoms are linked by the 3-CPOA to form a one-dimensional zigzag chain, with a $Zn1 \cdot \cdot \cdot Zn1A$ distance of 8.230 (3) Å and a $Zn1 \cdots Zn1A \cdots Zn1B$ angle of 141.5 (3)° [symmetry codes: (A) -x + 3/2, y + 1/2, -z + 3/2; (B) x, y + 1, z] (Fig. 2). The centroid-to-centroid separation of 3.451 (2) Å between parallel benzene rings of neighboring phen ligands suggests $\pi - \pi$ stacking interaction. With the help of such interactions, the polymeric chains are assembled to form a two-dimensional supramolecular network (Fig. 3).

Experimental

Zinc diacetate dihydrate (0.88 g, 10 mmol) and phen (1.99 g, 10 mmol) were dissolved in a hot aqueous solution (20 ml) of 3-CPOAH₂ (1.96 g, 10 mmol). The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 7 with 0.1 M sodium hydroxide solution. Colorless crystals of (I) were obtained from the solution after several days. Analysis calculated for C₂₁H₁₄N₂O₅Zn: C 57.36, H 3.21, N 6.37%; found: C 57.32, H 3.22, N 6.39%.

 $D_x = 1.630 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Cell parameters from 15325

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

reflections

 $\theta = 3.0-27.5^{\circ}$ $\mu = 1.41~\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$

T = 295 (2) K

 $R_{\rm int}=0.030$

 $\theta_{\rm max} = 27.5^{\circ}$

 $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$

 $k = -20 \rightarrow 20$

 $l = -19 \rightarrow 19$

+ 0.3474P]

Prism, colorless

 $0.37 \times 0.24 \times 0.19 \text{ mm}$

4085 independent reflections

3241 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

Crystal data

 $[Zn(C_9H_6O_5)(C_8H_{12}N_2)]$ $M_r = 439.73$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ a = 7.6164 (15) Åb = 15.542 (3) Å c = 15.186 (3) Å $\beta = 94.60 \ (3)^{\circ}$ V = 1791.8 (6) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID diffractometer ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995) $T_{\min} = 0.624, T_{\max} = 0.775$ 17147 measured reflections

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0468P)^2]$ $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.034$ $wR(F^2) = 0.088$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$ S = 1.034085 reflections $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.33 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ 262 parameters H-atom parameters constrained

Table 1

Selected bond lengths (Å).

Zn1-O1	2.4622 (17)	Zn1-O5 ⁱ	2.298 (2)
Zn1-O2	2.0053 (16)	Zn1-N1	2.0962 (18)
$Zn1-O4^{i}$	2.0745 (19)	Zn1-N2	2.1093 (17)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + \frac{3}{2}$, $y - \frac{1}{2}$, $-z + \frac{3}{2}$.



Figure 2

The zigzag chain structure of (I). The H atoms have been omitted. [Symmetry codes: (A) $-x + \frac{3}{2}$, $y + \frac{1}{2}$, $-z + \frac{3}{2}$; (B) x, y + 1, z.]





Packing diagram of (I), viewed along the *a* axis. All H atoms have been omitted

H atoms were placed in calculated positions, with C-H = 0.93 or 0.97 Å, and refined in the riding-model approximation, with $U_{iso}(H) =$ $1.2U_{eq}(C).$

Data collection: RAPID-AUTO (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: RAPID-AUTO; data reduction: CrystalStructure (Rigaku/MSC, 2002); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: ORTEPII (Johnson, 1976); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

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